

THE WAR CRY.

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

26th Year, No. 6

WILLIAM BOOTH
General

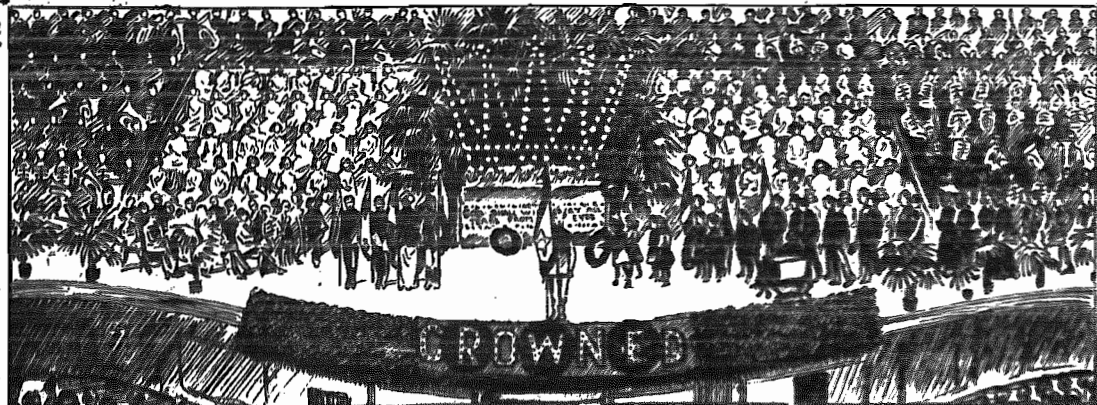
TORONTO, NOVEMBER 13, 1909.

THOMAS B. COOMES
Editor

Price, 2 Cents



COLONEL MITCHELL CONDUCTS THE MASSED BANDS BEFORE AN IMMENSE AUDIENCE.



THE PLATFORM SCENE AT THE MASSEY HALL ON SUNDAY-NIGHT.

THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS.

At Quebec.

A fire broke out at Quebec, Monday night, sweeping away, in hours, property valued at over \$500,000.

The fire is a severe blow to the special interests of Quebec, inasmuch as the Great Northern elevator at \$350,000, with 135,000 bushels of oats and corn in its bins, was totally destroyed, together with the immense freight sheds on Point A'Carey wharf. The Quebec Custom House is completely destroyed and will take, according to estimate, \$225,000 to rebuild. All books and records of the Government, including, however, safe, are being attempted to extinguish the fire. One fireman was killed, through falling from a ladder.

City for Australia.

A new city is to be built in Australia, owing to the keen rivalry between various older cities in the contest for distinction as a Federal Capital.

The site has been chosen in a range of hills about 1,600 feet above the sea and about 100 miles inland. Here, an estimated outlay of \$25,000,000 would build a capital city to be built, with all the improvements and equipment which the experience of other cities has shown to be necessary.

Such a city is sure to speedily attract a supply of citizens. As the motto "Globe" gave, however:—

It may be that the new Australian capital will finally develop into an airy city, with its crowded and healthy poor quarter its equally crowded and poorhouse, and other evidences of civilization's disappointments. But it will certainly have a streets, proper sanitation, extensive parks with streams of real water running through them, abundance of shade trees, and all the good things that other cities occasionally possess.

Economic Loss from Drunkenness.

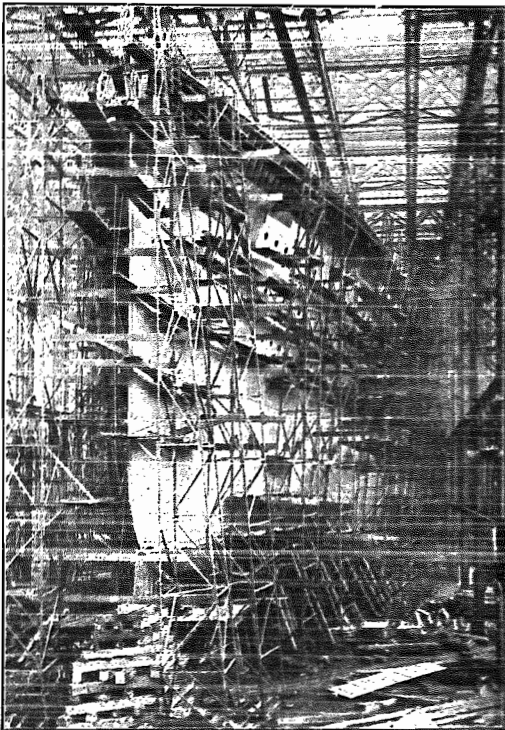
Speaking at Peterborough, recently, the Rev. Dr. Crafts told of some interesting experiments made by a man physician, to ascertain if alcohol affected mind and body, or the reverse was the case. The experiments were made on four men (typewriters), to determine the effect of alcohol on skilled vocational work. Three of these men were accustomed to moderate use of beer or wine, while the fourth occasionally drank to excess. Eight tests were made to see how many letters each man (typewriter) could set in a given time. The influence of such a portion of wine or beer as the most moderate drinker often takes, a single glass—namely, "80 grains of alcohol, more than is contained in one or two glasses of beer or in a half bottle of wine or ordinary wine."

A comparison of the results on the moderate and alcoholic days showed that the case of one of the workers, who showed the least difference, that the remaining three showed greater or less retardation of work when they had taken even so small a portion previous to the working hours, amounting in the most pronounced case, to fourteen per cent.—about ten per cent. being counted a fair average. As the work was paid by measure the workers could get ten per cent. less on alcoholic days. In other cases, when the work is paid for by the day, this loss of efficiency falls on the employer and the public.

Throughout the whole experiment the men believed they were doing better and quicker work when taking alcohol, than when abstaining—one of the customary delusions that follow the use of all narcotic drugs. In the illustration of the wise man's warning "Wine is a mocker."

Cunning Scheme.

"Where there's a will there's a way," runs an old proverb, and it is amazing what ways men will invent to secure their ends, especially when there is a law to be broken, or a criminal to be dodged. For instance, the warden of an American penitentiary



A Regular Forest of Scaffolding.

Two new vessels being built by the "White Star" Line at Belfast & Warr's works, at Belfast; of 45,000 tonnage, and displacement of 60,000 tons; 840 feet long and beam of 90 feet. Will carry 5,000 passengers, and have private flats on board, and swimming bath, with provision for diving (all on board.) Will have nine decks.

They recently discovered how it was that the prisoners under his charge managed to secure a supply of rice. Connected with the bird-centenary is an immense flock of pigeons, and one Sunday the warden decided that he would have pigeon pie. He sent a servant into the pigeon cove to capture the birds. When the cook was cleaning two of them, both of which happened to be homers, he came across two quail quills tied beneath the wings of the pigeons. Upon examination it was found that these quills contained cocaine.

After a field examination, the warden learned that one of the trustees around the prison had succeeded in getting the quills on the outside. This accomplice

would capture several of the pigeons when they flew into the street outside the big prison walls to feed. He would attach the cocaine to his coat, and the doves beneath the wings of the captured pigeons, after which they would be released and would return to the prison dove cote. The trustee then would go to the cove, secure the pigeons and collect the drug pie which he would sell it to his fellow-conspirators.

What a pity that the "innocence" of such men is not exercised in worthier pursuits.

Almost a Tragedy.

The lives of a number of people were probably saved recently, by the



A Snake-Charmer of Senegals.

presence of mind of a shipyard employee at Pittsburgh. A large crowd had gathered to witness the dedication of the "Oregon," a missionary ship, to be used on the River Congo, in Africa. At the climax of the celebration, when a photographer was about to ignite powder for a flashlight picture, a man rushed through the crowd, holding aside those in his way, and cried out: "Wait a minute. There are thirty gallons of gasoline in the bow of that boat."

During the tense moment the photographer retained hold of the lighter, until he realized the import of the warning, those of the crowd of nearly five thousand who were inside the shipyard held their breath in awful suspense, realizing that a twitch of a hand might send some of them to eternity. As he slowly lowered the lighter, a sigh of relief followed the breath-stealing gasp they had expressed the moment before, and the ceremony continued.

Ex-Shah Leaves Tehran.

The departure of Mohammed Ali, ex-Shah of Persia, from his capital, is described as a melancholy scene.

While the cortege was forming, which was to escort them from Tehran, the Shah and his Queen, sitting in separate rooms, gave free vent to their grief and rage. Mohammed Ali, making no attempt to hide his tears.

Early in the afternoon the caravan set out on its way to Odessa, the ex-Shah's new abode. On reaching the main road the procession was properly formed with Persian and Russian Cossacks and Indian Lanciers, the carriages of the British and Russian diplomatic representatives, and those of Mohammed Ali's retinue, and of the Queen and her ladies.

The public in the streets were greatly astonished at the respect paid by the Europeans to the deposed Shah and the dignity with which he was escorted on his long journey.

The fall of the Shah reminds us of the old verse:

"Crowns and thrones may perish,
Kingdoms rise and wane,
But the Queen of Justice
Steadfast shall remain."

Planting Trees to Increase Water Supply.

They evidently believe in looking a long way ahead in the State of Oregon, a scheme is now being worked which will protect the water supply of the city of Portland, Oregon, for the next 200 years. One ton of Douglas fir seeds, capable of making 50,000,000 big fir trees, will be planted within the next two weeks by the National Forest Service in the forest of the State, big fir trees, will be planted within the Bull Run national forest.

Since the taking over of the forest, through which flows the Bull Run River, the source of Portland's water supply, by the National Forest Service, efforts toward the increasing of the water supply of the city have been looked forward to. The re-seeding of the slopes of the hills, it is expected, will result in the increase of the flow of water in the river to fully double its present capacity.

Earth's Tides.

A German professor has recently been making experiments to find out the effect of the sun and moon on the earth. He says:

"My observations showed me that the earth is affected by the sun and the moon twice in each twenty-four hours, the moon exerting twice the influence of the sun. The whole shape of the earth is affected, not merely the crust. It is an actual deformation of the ball, setting up bodily tides which follow the direction of the ordinary ocean tides in half-day periods.

"I have come to the conclusion that the earth has a degree of rigidity equivalent to that of a ball of steel of the same size. The evidence is against the idea that there is a viscous stratum between the crust and the solid central core."

There is no rest on the road that takes you away from your duty.

The 27th Annual Congress

COMMISSIONER AND MRS. COOMBS IN COMMAND.

In Some Respects This Congress Takes Precedence Over All Yet Held in the Dominion.

The First Meeting of the 1909 Congress.

Warm Welcome Accorded the Delegates by the Commissioner and Staff—Equally Warm-Hearted Replies—The Welcome Song—Colonel Mitchell Speaks.

THE 1909 Congress opened auspiciously on the evening of October 26th, by an enthusiastic welcome meeting at the Temple.

Splendidly decorated for the occasion, the large auditorium was a blaze of light and colour. Overhead waved the flags of all nations, while all around the walls, multi-coloured fairy lamps flashed out giving a charming appearance to the whole scene. On the platform sat the Commissioner and the leading Staff Officers of the Territory, and behind them the Territorial Staff and Y. P. Bands, resplendent in their respective uniforms of scarlet and blue. Colonel Mitchell, from I. H. Q., was also present. The auditorium was filled with the visiting Field Officers and in the balcony sat the Officers connected with the Men's and Women's Social Work. As many of the Local Officers and Soldiers of Toronto as could manage to squeeze in were also present.

The meeting opened with that inspiring old battle song, "Storm the gates of darkness," something which all of those present had been doing devoutly since they had gathered there in Council.

Lieut. Colonel Gaskin then prayed and God would make this Congress a means of uplifting to all who attended it.

A selection by the Territorial Staff Band is always a pleasing item on any programme, but on this occasion it was doubly interesting owing to the fact that the Band was conducted by Colonel Mitchell, the talented Bandmaster of the International Staff Band. Under his baton the Band erected all previous records. It gave the very best out of them that they were capable of, and upon the conclusion of the selection, the whole assembly showed their appreciation by bursting forth into a roar of applause.

Of course, no gathering of this description would be complete without an address from the chairman, and Commissioner Coombs, who was acting in that capacity, now arose to speak a few words of welcome to the delegates. In the course of his address he quoted some gratifying statistics to show that the City of Toronto and the Province of Ontario were advancing along the right lines. Thirty years ago, he said, Toronto had a population of 70,000, and 100 bar-rooms; to-day there is a population of 250,000, and only 110 bar-rooms. (Applause.) Thirty years ago, he continued, the Province of Ontario had a population of about one million, and there were then six

thousand breweries; to-day, with a population of about two and a half millions, there are only 2,500 breweries. (More applause.) "Why do I refer to this?" said the Commissioner, "Because I believe that The Salvation Army had a great deal to do with bringing about such a state of affairs." He then urged all his Officers to go forward more determinedly than ever, not only to sweep drink away, but to combat all manner of sin. In conclusion, he passed on the words of The General to him on a certain occasion, "What we must have is more red-hot religion."

A very pleasing and somewhat novel feature of the meeting was the Welcome Song which was now sung by Captain Marshall. It contained greetings to each Province, and upon the conclusion of each verse the Officers from the Province referred to, rose in a body and replied by a chorus composed for the occasion. The climax was reached when the vast audience arose, and waving little flags, sang together, "God bless our Army Brave."

Words of welcome to visiting comrades from the Pacific, North-West and Eastern Provinces, were then spoken by Colonel Mapp. Referring to the cartoon in the current War Cry he urged all to accept the invitation of the Chief Territorial Farmer, to help themselves to good things in the way of spiritual blessing, and also counsel during the Congress. Then, thanking them for their devoted toil during the past year he expressed a wish that the Congress might be an inspiration to them, and that they might return to their posts much strengthened and blessed.

Lieut. Colonel Sharp, representing the Officers of the West Ontario Province, then spoke. After thanking the Commissioner for the warm welcome extended to them all, he reported that progress was being made in his Province, and that especially amongst the miners of New Ontario. The Army was working with success. The greatest desire of himself and his Officers, he said, was to meet with God during the Congress and obtain a pouring of peace from on high.

Some women warriors were now called to the front, and in their stirring speeches echoed the fight on hard battlefields were to be heard. Mrs. Alexander Hargrave related how a glorious time of reviving had come to Brockville where four of the most drunken characters in town had got saved and were doing well. He also mentioned the French Work at Montreal. At the Little Corps commanded by Adjutant Cabrit, a splendid work was in progress, and crowds

were flocking to hear the Gospel.

Mrs. Major Morris also spoke of victories being won in hard places, of trophies being won for God in the most unlikely ways, and of progress in the Pacific Province.

The Territorial Y. P. Band played a selection in between these addresses and did great credit to themselves and their leader. A song from Lieut. Colonel Pugmire followed. Mrs. Mapp then spoke a few words on behalf of the Women's Social Officers paying a high tribute to their noble and devoted service.

Lieut. Colonel Turner, on behalf of the Eastern Province, and Brigadier Taylor, on behalf of the Training Home Province, each spoke briefly, expressing their thanks for the warm welcome accorded them, and their desires for a time of rich blessing at the Congress.

The Commissioner then introduced Colonel Mitchell. Referring briefly to his career he related how the Colonel had risen from being a messenger boy in I. H. Q., to his present high position, by hard work and godly living. He thought this should be an encouragement to all our Young

People. The Colonel then spoke of the honour he had in representing I. H. Q. at this Congress. He said the multitude of questions which the Officers would like to ask he told them matters concerning the General and the Chief of Staff which showed the tender interest these great leaders have in their people. Only recently he had had seen a letter of commendation by The General in his name to a brother Officer who was going through deep affliction. It was ten while The General was so severely from his eyes, and in a darkened room, as the International Headquarters, that there never was such a sympathy with the aims and the Salvation War. The Army is all right," (Volley.)

This first meeting of the Congress was then brought to a happy conclusion by all kneeling in prayer while the Commissioner urged them to the care and guidance of their Heavenly Father.

The Soldiers' Council

The Visiting Bands Receive a Great Welcome.

Saturday night's meeting is difficult to adequately describe. It was a Local Officers' Band-men and Soldiers' Council to which the visiting Officers were also invited. When the Commissioner and Staff entered, the assembly rose with enthusiasm and cheered and cheered again. The great Temple was a sea of Salvationists.

Hardly had the preliminaries ended, when, with flying colours and an escort of Headquarters Officers the Peterborough and London Silver Bands came marching along Albert Street, and presented an imposing sight. When the Bands filed onto the platform, a perfect tumult of applause greeted them. Then Colonel Pugmire sang a solo, which caught on well. The Peterborough Band afterwards rendered the "Rock" selection. They did well, in fact, they excelled themselves. Bandmaster Greene has trained his men well; they showed the result.

The Chief Secretary read a portion from the Word of God, and gave a short but striking address on our end and our Salvationism.

The London Band then played "Strains From Mountain and Valley," a piece which was much appreciated. Bandmaster Wilson is making his men efficient.

Colonel Mitchell, who was then called upon, stirred every heart by his spirited talk. The Bandmen were delighted with the Colonel's affable manner, and the great audience assented to his declaration of the truth in no unimpeachable manner. The Soldiers heard something which exactly suited their case; the

Local Officers felt they were coming to a true-hearted council. Officers were inspired and heard how the speaker had risen from the ranks to his present position by dint of ceaseless self-improvement, and unwavering confidence in God and the Army.

The Commissioner made a very interesting address, and was warmly affected by his words. The Colonel Pugmire started the meeting a glorious time, and seemed almost as if he were marked as he threw aside his hat and set the meeting off. The song's promulgations were given in less time than it takes to say several times and women were singing at the mercy seat. And some wonderful songs were sung. People came from the gallery, and all over the building three times the platform was filled with the soldiers, and forty-three to all. The cry of penitents was mingled with a triumphant shout of Officers and Soldiers, and one of the great wind-ups the Sisters Temperance song, resulted.

Sunday Morning at the Temple.

The Commissioner Leads a Holy Holiness Meeting.

The Temple was well filled Sunday morning, when the Commissioner conducted a special holiness meeting. The Temple Band escorted

platform, and supplied the music, the Staff Band, and the voices from Peterborough and London in the auditorium.

After a short testimony meeting, which many of the visiting Officers took part, Brigadier Aaby read, "O Lamb of God." Major Mills then gave a short address, also did Mrs. Brigadier Aaby, Captain Hausagan. A selection from the Temple Band, "Go'do me, Thou Great Jehovah," was heard.

The Chief Secretary then read a portion of God's Word, and made several comments. He particularly drew attention to the verse, "There is nothing therefore, a rest to the people of God."

The Commissioner then appealed to those present who had not entered to the state of soul-rest, to bring for all to the altar, and about twenty responded.

Officers' Farewell Tea.

At 5 p. m., all the Officers sat down to a farewell tea in the Temple. This happy, social gathering was presided over by the Commissioner, and proved a very enjoyable feast indeed, providing opportunities for interchange of thoughts concerning the Congress which were greatly appreciated by all. After the

tea, quite a number of Officers expressed their sentiments regarding the Congress, all uniting in saying that it was the best yet, both as regards spiritual blessing and weighty counsel.

Colonel Mitchell also gave a short speech, expressing himself as delighted with the state of The Salvation Army in Canada. He was especially struck by the youthful appearance of the Officers gathered there, and predicted a brilliant future for The Army which had so much youth and enthusiasm on its side. The Colonel was commissioned as the bearer of a message from the Officers present to the Chief of the Staff.

The Chief Secretary then thanked all for the part they had taken in making the Congress the success it had been, and made several good suggestions as to how everyone should keep the things they had heard fresh in their memories.

The Commissioner's farewell words were few, but his great desire for the further extension and development of The Army's work in this great Dominion was manifest, by his reference to the plans he had in mind for the further improvement of the Officers serving under him. In conclusion he hoped that the War would go on all the faster as a result of the Congress, and that the coming year would be the best in Salvation Army annals.

Opinions of the Congress.

FROM OLD AND NEW COMRADES.

We have asked Lieut.-Colonel Mackin, the Field Secretary, to write a survey of the Field Officers' Councils so that our comrades away at the distant outposts of The Army, might have some idea of the blessings that their more favoured comrades enjoyed. We find, however, that the multiplicity of work and interviews at this time, quite prevent the Colonel from writing his account of the Councils in time for this issue. Our comrades may expect it next week.

We also asked a few representative Officers and some who have attended the Canadian Fall Congress for the first time, to give their impressions of the Field Officers' Councils. This they have done, but it seems to us that those who spoke have been more decided in their views even than those who have written. Adjutant Cornish, Captain Merrett, and several others spoke of this Congress as the most interesting, instructive, and spiritual they ever attended. So that as it may, there is no doubt that the Congress has been brilliantly successful, for which God be praised.

Colonel Mitchell, our international representative, says:—

"The Congress has exceeded my expectations; there has not been, to me, a single dull moment. As a stranger, it is but natural that I should be interested, but I have been more than that. The Officers' meetings no less than the public gatherings, have been full of power and blessing. The great Demonstrations at the Massey Hall, as well as the big parade, showed the power of The Army in the city. The Bands do well, and, altogether, I shall carry with me the happiest recollections and

inspirations from these meetings.—George Mitchell Colman."

Brigadier Aaby, the newly appointed Divisional Commander for the St. John, N. B. Division, writes as follows, concerning his first Canadian Fall Congress:—

It has been my privilege, during the twenty-six years I have been an Officer, to attend some very wonderful Councils. The present series are amongst those that will never be forgotten. Right from the Welcome Demonstration on the meetings have been full of blessing and inspiration. The addresses of our beloved Commissioner and Chief Secretary, have been particularly helpful, also the papers read by the different Officers.

"I cannot say enough about the Memorial Service last night. It is the best I have ever attended, and will, I am confident, do a great amount of good.

"Both Mrs. Aaby and myself, are grateful for the opportunity that we have had of being present at this Congress.—Richard Aaby, Brigadier."

An old comrade, Major Moore, thus voices the thoughts of many:—

"It has been my privilege to attend every Annual Congress in Toronto for the past twenty-one years, and we have had some marvellous times of blessing and power, especially in our Officers' Councils. The Congress of 1909 marks a new era, because of one or two special features, the chief one, perhaps, being the preparation and reading of papers on several subjects, which with Salvationists everywhere must be considered 'topics of the day.' These papers

being the production of several of the chief leaders of The Army in this country, have given the Councils the advantage of the practical experience of men and women who know whereof they speak.

"The papers were full of real instruction, and delivered with such force and eloquence that they could not fail to be of untold service in the days coming on, to Officers of all ranks, and thus to the whole Territory. In addition to the above, God came graciously near, and set His seal on the whole series of Councils. I am safe in saying that this year's Councils will do much for Canada. Unlimited confidence in our leaders, enthusiastic anticipation for the future, was the watchword. D. C. Moore, Major."

Adjutant Kendall, expresses his views in the following characteristic fashion:—

"The Congress has been one of

the best. The Commissioner's address in the great Welcome Service just put the whole Congress on the right lines of a real 'red-hot religion.' The papers read were excellent. We are as strong for the old truths. We believe in the whole Bible, the divinity of Christ, a real hell, a real heaven. We believe in the fiery Holy Ghost; we believe in the doctrine of holiness. The missionary spirit of The Army is still strong.

"The soul-saving spirit was strongly brought to the front.

"Colonel Mitchell has been a great inspiration to our Bandmen, both musically and spiritually.

"The Congress might be styled as the Fiery Congress.—Adjutant Kendall."

We might have multiplied the foregoing by hundreds, but they would only have amounted to the same thing—a delightful and blessed Congress.

Staff Band at the Temple

The Commissioner Presides—Colonel Mitchell Conducts Festival—Brigadier and Mrs. Taylor Farewell from Province.

AS a closing event to an epoch-making Congress, the Staff Band gave a musical festival at the Temple, on Tuesday night, October 26th. The Commissioner presided; Colonel Mitchell, the International Staff Bandmaster, to the delight of the Bandmen, welded the baton. The spacious Temple was crowded.

The opening song, "Salvation Army, Army of God," was sung with great enthusiasm. Colonel Mapp prayed, and then the programme proper commenced.

The "Chalk Farm" march was the first item. A part song "Which way you going to take?" by the Male Choir, followed. "Swiss Melodies. No. 2," was received with great applause and Captain Marshall's solo, "God Bless You, Army Soldier," round everyone, as the time being by many feet, betrayed.

At this point the Commissioner referred to the farewell of Brigadier and Mrs. Taylor, from the oversight of what is known as the Training Home Province, and paid a well-deserved tribute to their wholehearted service on behalf of the city. Their farewell from the Provincial Command would free them for carrying out special Training developments, which the Commissioner hoped soon would take place. Mrs. Brigadier Taylor, who was most warmly greeted, said:—

"Last night I asked the Commissioner if he would release me from speaking to-night, and I hoped he would, but no promise could be obtained, so, like a true Soldier, I have to obey. You see, I do not share very much at speech-making, but this one thing I do know to-night—the blood of Jesus Christ cleanses me from all sin, and I always think when one can say that, it means a great deal. We have had some beautiful Councils these last two or three days, and my spirit has been blessed.

"For twenty-six years I have been serving Him in The Salvation Army, and to-night I think, say, I am sure,

I love God with all my heart more than ever, and I am proud that I belong to The Salvation Army. I love The Salvation Army, I am part and parcel of it, and I hope when I die, I shall die under its colours. My father was converted in The Army, and I used to hear him pray for me. It was that which brought me to Jesus.

"We do not seem as if we are farewell. You see, we are staying in Toronto, so we shall often come across you, dear comrades, and I hope that everyone of you will prove faithful to God. I love you with all my heart. I should like to have served you better but I have done what little I could, and my life I have given to God and I am going to try and do the very best for Him. He has done such a lot for me."

"Hebrew Melodies. No. 2," came next. The description of this selection, given by Colonel Mitchell, was most interesting, and added greatly to the worth to the piece, as played by the Band. To watch Colonel Mitchell's sympathetic leadership was inspiring of itself. The Male Choir sang, "We Are Marching."

Brigadier Taylor was then called upon to address the meeting, and after some humorous allusions to what had been said, remarked:—

"I remember the night, just four years and eight months ago, when you gave me command of this Training Home Province, and I remember the words of your charge as you spoke to Mrs. Taylor and myself, as we stood on the platform of the Yorkville Town Hall. I remember your words very well. They have been of great help and inspiration to me during the four years and eight months that I have had the honour of commanding this Province. While much has been done and certain progress made, I cannot say, as I look back, that the work has gone on so fast as I should like to have seen it, nor so fast as I would have seen it, had I been possessed of the necessary powers, but I have been trying to do my duty to the
(Continued on page 11.)

TWO GREAT CONGRESS

A Festival of Praise.

The Biggest and Best Musical Service Ever Held by The Army in Canada - N. W. Rowell, K.C., Eulogises The Army's Missionary Work.

THE largest audience that has ever attended The Army meetings on a Sunday afternoon in the Massey Hall, except on such occasions as when The General visits the city, was present at the Festival of Praise last Sunday.

There was room, no doubt in the topmost gallery, for a few more; but to the unit at the building appeared to be packed. Eleven Bands were massed on the spacious platform, and the showy uniforms with a fringe of green palms, the brass and silver instruments made up a mass of mixed colour as impressive as beautiful. This was especially so when the mammoth Band, in response to the conductor's signal, rose to play.

The Bands that took part in the festival, were the Territorial Staff Band, Peterborough, the Temple, London, Lisgar, Lippincott, Dovercourt, Riverdale, West Toronto, Wychwood, and the Territorial Young People's Band.

The meeting was under the direction of the Commissioner, who announced that the opening song would be "Crown Him Lord of All," and one of the most stirring things we have heard for a long time was that familiar tune rendered by an unfamiliar Band of 250 pieces. It is a noble tune, and there was a sonority, a harmonic grandeur about its rendition by these brazen instruments, that was both thrilling and pleasing.

After prayer by the Chief Secretary, we were treated to a selection by the massed Bands, "The Tumbler." We may say that Colonel Mitchell has been kind enough to promise to let us have his impressions of the Bands. We felt sure that it would give great pleasure to our musical readers to have the impressions of such an authority on Army Bands as the leader of the International Staff Band; so our remarks in addition to giving the programme will be simply those that Colonel Mitchell gave another demonstration of his fitness for the position of The Army's premier Bandmaster, and that the Bands reflected credit on their own Bandmasters by the way in which they responded to the spirited conducting of their leader on this occasion.

After the selection already referred to, the Commissioner graciously introduced Mr. N. W. Rowell, K.C., who gave a very interesting address on The Army as a Missionary Force. After expressing the great pleasure he felt at being asked to preside over such a splendid gathering, he said that he rejoiced with The Army over what it had been able to accomplish in its missionary work. "That The Salvation Army should," said the speaker, "in its short history—short, as compared with some of the other Christian bodies—not only have established itself among the English-speaking and Christian people's of the

world but that it should have started out and extended its work to Japan, India, Korea, Java and the West Indies, and have 2,683 societies, is something which I think you have, on this thanksgiving occasion, great reason to be thankful for."

Not only is The Army carry on a great soul-saving work in these lands, but it has established 170 Day Schools, with 10,000 scholars on the registers, and in 15 Hospitals and Dispensaries 16,000 patients have been treated.

Referring to the Laramie's Missionary Movement Mr. Rowell said "We welcomed the hearty and sympathetic co-operation of The Army as one of the most influential factors in Canada, with its progressive and Christlike methods. There is something inspiring in the thoughts of an Army. My blood would not stay quiet while I listened to this Band play. It makes the blood course quicker through one's veins. The Salvation Army cannot stand still under such leadership. It must march, march on and reach the less favoured nations in the innermost parts of the earth."

Mr. Rowell's inspiring address was listened to with much interest, and heartily applauded. Referring to the Missionary Work of The Army, the Commissioner stated that last year the International Headquarters expended three hundred thousand

and dollars in taking the Gospel to the heathen.

After this address the Territorial Young People's Band played "The Roll Call" selection very creditably, and came in for their usual round of hearty cheering.

The Peterborough Band played "The Beautiful Stream" selection, and the London Band, "Thoughts From Great Masters," in a very admirable manner. There was also a very well rendered part song "We are Marching" by the Territorial Staff Band Male Choir, and a vocal solo by Lieut. Colonel Pughmore. The singing of the 23rd Psalm by the Bandmen of the United Bands was exceedingly impressive.

The Commissioner made tender and touching reference to the fact that the Massey Hall had been taken on this day in anticipation of a visit to Canada by The General, but that the unfortunate accident to his eyes had rendered his presence impossible.

The Commissioner then, very impressively read The General's message to the Officers, and also the message sent in reply to our aged Leader, both of which are printed elsewhere in this issue. The message called forth great applause.

The Commissioner then called upon Colonel Mitchell to address the meeting on the subject of The Army's Bands. The Colonel gave a remarkably able and interesting resume of the rise and progress of The Army's Bands.

This meeting was no doubt, the largest and best musical meeting ever held in Canada, and the impression of it will linger long with those privileged to listen to it.

Impressions of the Canadian Bands.

By Colonel Mitchell, Bandmaster of the International Staff Band.

The Bands, as a whole, have quite equalled my expectations, and what I would be ungracious on my part to offer direct criticism, the following points seem to me to be worthy of mention.

The renderings of the various selections to which I listened, struck me as being very correct, and I feel this is a matter for congratulation. A weak point, however, is the question of tempo. Some movements are taken much more slowly than the music is marked, and this gives the rendering a dull and uninteresting character. Bandmasters should carefully consider the tempo marked upon the score, and adhere to them, if not slavishly, at least approximately.

There is a tendency in the Bands to rub the notes somewhat of their value; this is markedly so when dealing with long notes dotted minims, etc. These notes must be held fully, and by all the Band, otherwise the effect is poor and "ragged." The same fault is observable in the treatment of pauses.

The drum is a noble instrument, but it is not always judiciously used,

The drum parts deserve to be studied as much as those of any other instrument, especially with regard to expression. Bandmasters may safely use discretion in omitting the drum, especially in solo numbers.

The success of any particular Band's rendering, must be judged by its ability to convey to the minds of the hearers a correct impression of the spirit underlying the music. All Army music has a message and our Bandmen have the advantage of being in sympathy with that message, but our comrades are only partly successful in accomplishing this desirable result. A great improvement could be made with comparatively little effort, if every Bandman would give a little thought and take a few pains in this direction.

My opinion is, that the question of training men as Bandmen is of the greatest importance, and I would advise Bandmasters to start learners, whenever they get an opportunity. It may be objected that such a course would often result in no advantage in the local Band on account of the frequency of transfers. This is, however, a narrow view, as in

(Continued on page 11.)

THE 1911 A LANDMARK IN

as typical of power, and power on any that you The Congress part of those who spoke, many of "I must be about my Father's talks and papers also gave minutes—there was too much devoted to the Officers, by others have experienced. The Officers, have been seldom seen.

The public meetings were when the Temple, gorgeous with Officers, Soldiers and friends, to solemn Assembly on Sunday night, to celling, was moved to a space some of the events of the meeting.

The parade on Monday principal streets, and then, from have been an object lesson to a thousand Salvationists, who fine Day, concluding the parade.

The addresses of Commissioners and well-being of their future, and must have produced impressions. The Chief Secretary, also, in his before the Officers in a statement of The Army, the high price.

Our International Visitor, won all hearts, by his easy, glowing of the massed Bands. On we could not help seeing in his in the days of his of his Corps consisted brass instruments and Mitchell, in those days, the drummer, beating

Since that time we and Bandmen and Handel Orchestra in London, swayed by in the same band that humble triangle. From Army Bandmen have and. Praise the Lord of Peterborough and credit on the Corps Congress, and acquitted great Praise Service on.

The spiritual results dreg and twenty-being salvation, consecration, and set it all there as clear and radiant is The General's Medals elsewhere. The was electric—nothing edging such a whirl. Message was a long listened to it with its conclusion, let them abandon. May God help the influence of the practice the inspiring and General.

age was sent to The his message:— General.—Your message stirring spiritually and straight to our hearts. It's expression of our tion, our best love for intention that Truth, salvation of souls, and Army shall dominate to come to us. Father. General come to your be blessed by you, and are carrying out the wishes of our General.

INGS IN THE MASSEY HALL.

The Memorial Meeting.

THE ARMY IN CANADA.

Army in Canada, may be regarded as palpitated with life, spiritual directions, marked an advance

great seriousness of purpose on the listened. There was a fine touch of sadness. The practical value of the the interest never flagged for five minutes some opinions on the sessions of the Council for Officers and Local

A Welcome Service on Wednesday, electric lights, was crowded with devotion enthusiasm, to the great packed the Massey Hall from floor to ceiling with the poetical symbolism of

The visiting Bands processioned the converged upon the Temple, must of the Army in the Queen City. Over the streets on Thanksgiving Save the King.

turning for the spiritual enlightenment and impassioned religious oratory, of those privileged to listen. Salvation Army, placed the Organization strengthened their faith in the stability and the future of its Officers.

In acquisition to the Congress, and gave speeches, and his masterly conduct of the growth of Army Bands, that of Army music. He told us how

the little Band of three players on a big drummer. Young marched by the side of the humble triangle, have seen five thousand Southerners on the great the Crystal Palace, conductor's baton, held at one time five the Band of five, The grown to twenty thousand. The visiting Bands, London, reflected great that sent them to the themselves well in the Sunday afternoon.

They were splendid one hum at the mercy seat, for and Officership. But stands out one thing, as a pole star and that age, which is repro effect of its rendering in all the Congress wind of applause. The one, and the comrades hated breath but at selves go with perfect us all, when away from Councils to put into Council of our Father

The following mes- General, in reply to "Our Father and so full of pathos, soul- luffly inspiration, went. We hasten to send you sympathy in your affec- tion, and our Honesty, industry the building up of The our lives. We want you come to your children! Officers! We want to let you see that we will of our God and the Canada salutes you!



GREAT crowd, an expectant crowd; a crowd that filled the topmost places in the Massey Hall, and jostled each other in the lobbies, assembled at the Massey Hall, on Sunday night for the Memorial meeting.

Suddenly, amid solemn silence, at half-past seven, the vibrant tones of a number of cornets sounded the Last Post—that military call which denotes that the day's duties have ended, and so closely associated with the burials of those fallen on the field of battle.

To many in the Dominion, that call, a few years ago, was terribly familiar. On the Kopje-studded veldt of South Africa. Many a young Canadian fell, doing what he considered his duty to his flag and country, and his comrades, in melancholy mood, listened to the call that was sounded over his hastily-dug grave.

Even so, in that Memorial meeting, the Last Post was sounded for those who had fought their last fight, whose day's work was done.

The great audience was thrilled at the trumpet peals, and immediately the lights were lowered. As the weirdly beautiful strains of "Promoted to Glory" played by the massed Bands, in a subdued tone filled the great building with solemn melody, the Commissioner and Mrs. Coombs and Staff took their places on the platform.

Great Thanksgiving Service.

Preceded by Monster Parade—And Climaxed by Thirty-two Offering Themselves for Officership.



THANKSGIVING Day being the last day of the Toronto Congress, was celebrated by a monster procession through some of the principal streets of the city. No less than twelve Bands were present, including the Peterborough and London Bands, and the air resounded with Salvation music when all were fairly on the go. The Officers marched in groups according to their Divisions, and the Soldiers followed their respective Corps Flags. Numbers of Juniors, carrying small flags also took part in the procession. The whole parade presented a very bright and animated appearance, as it buoyantly swung along to the stirring strains of the different marches played by the Bands. In the centre of this long procession, was an automobile, containing Commissioner and Mrs. Coombs, Colonel and Mrs. Mapp and Colonel Mitchell.

The Temple was reached about 11 a. m., and a great Thanksgiving Service was immediately commenced. The crowd packed the place, so that there was not even standing room for many who desired to enter. It was a jubilant overflowing sort of a meeting; one in which loud volleys of Hallelujahs were frequently heard, and many arose to express their gratitude to God for His mercies during the past year. The Peterborough Band occupied the

**A Magnificent Service, Full of Power and Symbolism—
Said to be the Most Impressive The Army
has Held in Canada.**

briefly the Commissioners invoked the blessing of God upon the vast assembly, and then the Chief Secretary gave out the opening song, so suggestive of the Christian's hope beyond the grave, "There is sweet rest in Heaven."

Like a mighty flood-tide rose and fell that vast volume of harmony from the great Band. It was thrilling to a degree, and the audience was visibly impressed.

But, perhaps the most impressive musical event of the evening, was the rendition of the "Dead March in Saul," and rarely, if ever, have we heard the mournful tragedy, the wailing pathos, the deepened grief of that great composition, so powerfully and vividly rendered as by that Band, directed by the baton of Colonel George Mitchell. The concentrated tones of a million great strings, on daughters of Israel seemed to be contained in the pure tones of the cornets; the sobs and heartfelt groans of a million valiant men of Israel seemed to find vent in the minor chords on the bass, and many in that audience were powerfully moved by the solemn strains written

to portray the falling of the mighty in battle."

The Salvation Army has long learned the value of effective contrasts, and perhaps nothing could be further removed from the music already referred to, than the procession of a large number of children robed in white, who marched into the Hall, led by Lieut. Colonel Southall, and headed by three of the tallest girls bearing The Army Flag, the Canadian ensign, and the Union Jack. Each little one bore in her hand a white flower, and moved to the strains of the funeral march.

And yet there appeared to be nothing incongruous in the contrasts, but rather a symbol showing the living, vital faith of the Salvationist as against the sombre funeral view of the world.

On the platform had been erected an altar, bearing the comforting passage, "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes." This was surrounded with a huge crown, composed of electric lights, and the little ones placed thereon the flowers they bore; then passed to their place on the platform; as they deposited their floral offering to the memory of departed comrades the electric lights gradually increased, until, when the last flower had been placed, the altar and crown sparkled with points of light, while in front there burst forth in splendour the word "Crowned."

The little ones then appropriately sang "I know there's a crown for the young."

They sang beautifully, and reflected credit on their leader, Captain Marshall.

The Chief Secretary then read with great feeling a paper from the Revelations of St. John the Divine. This was followed by another charming incident.

The Salvation Army Flag appeared on the west entrance to the platform, heralding the approach of a number of representatives, and simultaneously appeared a huge banner, on which was painted a laurel wreath, inside of which was written, the exultant cry, "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his."

First came a group of ten foreign representatives, clad in costumes, and bearing their national flags. They stood for comrades who have died in lands over seas. Then came four little girls, one of whom bore an evergreen wreath, which she placed at the base of the altar. They represented the children who have died during the year. Then followed four boys of the Young Peoples' Territorial Band; one of their little members had been promoted since the Band's formation; they also represented the Bandmen of The Army. A group of local Officers, Field Officers, Women Officers and Staff Officers, representing three sections of The Army, next passed in front of the altar and placed their evergreen tributes of affection for the members

platform and supplied the music throughout the meeting.

As fitting to the occasion, the Chief Secretary read the 159th Psalm, which is an exhortation to praise God with all kinds of instruments.

Lieut. Colonel Puginier took part by singing a solo the choros of which, "Oh it comes o'er my soul like a wave," caused the billows of emotion to roll over the audience, and deepened the feelings of grateful praise in each heart.

Colonel Mitchell struck the right note when he spoke, by saying that the best way we could show our gratitude to God, was the giving up ourselves to His service. This thought was followed up by the Commissioner, who called for young men and women to immediately offer themselves as Candidates for Officership. It was a grand sight when 22 went forward and knelt on the platform to offer their whole lives to God for service in The Salvation Army. The Commissioner took special interest in two young Bandmen who came forward, and also a boy fourteen years of age. Patting the lad on the head, he commended him for the stand he had taken and encouraged him to remain true to his consecration. Thus closed the last public meeting of the Great Congress—a thanksgiving meeting indeed, and one that will long be remembered by all who were present.



who have been called up higher.

When all had taken their places allotted to them the platform presented a scene of singular beauty. In the centre, as we have already mentioned stood the altar, with the crown of gleaming electric lights against a background of palms; flanking this were splashes of gorgeous colour formed by the flags and national costumes. This stood in a setting of white-robed children, who were again encompassed by the Bandmen in their crimson tunics and glittering instruments. All this with decorative flags and palms, made up a fine display of scenic symbolism.

Following a song by the Male Voice Quartette, came the illustrated service.

This was very impressive. The portraits of glorified comrades, and the funeral scenes, elucidated by the remarks of the Commissioner, the portraits of The General, and scenes from his Motor Car Campaign, which had such a pathetic ending, together with some splendidly illustrated songs made a very effective service. How powerful was the impression produced upon the large audience, may be gathered from the fact that twenty-seven persons knelt in confirmation at the mercy seat.

This has been described by most who saw it, and who are familiar with Army meetings as being the most impressive and splendid service they have ever attended. Praise God.

Headquarters' Notes.

Territorial Headquarters.

Wednesday, Oct. 27, 1909.

The Congress is over. From beginning to end it was a triumphant success. The public meetings were great, the enthusiasm tremendous, and the spirit admirable, blessings abundant. Power came in waves, inspiration was at its height. Every body is delighted and all have returned with a greater determination than ever, to push on the War for God and The Army.

The Congress was such a distinct success in every respect, that it is difficult to particularize in any way. Full particulars of what transpired can be ascertained from reports published elsewhere.

We cannot do otherwise than refer to the splendid leadership of the Commissioner and Mrs. Coombe. The Commissioner worked strenuously and energetically from early till late, entering with the greatest possible interest and enthusiasm, in to each event. Not only has he the satisfaction of knowing that the Congress passed off so well, but expressions of gratitude have rolled in from all quarters.

The general opinion is that the Congress is one of the best in the history of The Army in Canada, and while we are indebted to many who, in various ways assisted in securing this result, we sound our great note of gratitude and thanksgiving to God for whom alone be all the glory.

The papers read by the different officers were greatly appreciated, and we would like to take this opportunity of congratulating our com-

rades upon such splendid productions and their delivery of the same.

A very welcome presence throughout the Congress, was that of Colonel Mitchell. His talks were greatly enjoyed, and we are only too pleased to put on record our deep appreciation of the able service rendered in connection with the Musical Festivals.

We were also pleased to have with us the Peterborough and London I. Bands. The welcome which they received into our midst was tremendous, and they rightly deserved the same. Not only was their spirit magnificent, but their playing was excellent. As a mark of our appreciation of their visit to the city, a photo was taken of each Band, with the Commissioner, the Chief Secretary, Colonel Mitchell and Brigadier Morris.

Arrangements have been made to give an enlargement of the same, nicely framed, to each of these Bands, to be hung up in each of their respective Band rooms, as a memento of their visit to Toronto in connection with the 1909 Congress. Many thanks, Bandmasters, and dear Bandmen comrades. We shall be glad to welcome you again to Toronto.

Our next reference must naturally be to the Bands of the city, which, including the Territorial Staff Band, richly deserve the unstinted praise that has been meted out to them. Many thanks, dear comrades; you have made a great mark. There are mighty possibilities before us in the city, and the Bands will play an important part in the realising of them.

Some surprises were in store for us during the Congress. The Commissioner is an adept in introducing a variety of things, and he certainly excelled himself in making known these surprises.

Lieut. Colonel Turner, who has put in such a brave fight in the Eastern Province, is under farewell orders, and will shortly be taking up an appointment at T. H. Q., as the Territorial Financial representative.

The Chief Secretary, accompanied by Lieut. Colonel Gaskin, will conduct the Colonel's farewell, in St. John, N. B., on November 29th, and at the same time, do the farewell inspection of the Province.

This appointment has presented an opportune moment for rearranging the work of the Eastern Province. That Command will cease to exist. In future there will be two Divisional Commands, namely, St. John and Halifax.

Brigadier Adby has been appointed Divisional Commander of the former place. He, with Mrs. Adby and family, will be proceeding shortly to St. John. Their welcome meeting will take place on Sunday, November 14th.

We are not yet through with our changes. Further information will be forthcoming in a week or two. We welcome Captain Carter to T. H. Q. The Captain is appointed to assist in the Financial Department. It was quite refreshing to hear this

dear comrade pleading to continue in the Field.

The Farewell Tea with the Officers was a very fitting finish to all the Congress proceedings. We are deeply grateful to the many comrades who referred so feelingly and appreciatively to the spiritual blessings received, and to the arrangements made for their comfort and entertainment! We are glad to know that the festivals conducted by the Peterborough and London I. Bands, at Riverdale and Dovercourt, respectively, on Monday, were such huge successes.

What more appropriate arrangement could have been made, in connection with the final appearance of Colonel Mitchell in the city, than to conduct a Musical Festival by the Territorial Staff Band. The Temple was filled, and a splendid programme rendered.

Brigadier and Mrs. Taylor, who have worked hard and faithfully in the interests of the Training Home Province for over four years, farewelled at this Musical Meeting. We thank them for all their labour.

The Chief Secretary especially desires to thank the members of the Congress Executive Staff, who rendered such able and willing assistance.

We are very sorry to hear of the death of the son of Colonel and Mrs. Peart. Touching reference was made to this loss during the Congress, and a sympathetic message was despatched to our Comrades. We pray that God will especially comfort and help them each one, at this time of trial and bereavement.

Major McGillivray still continues to be under the weather. He is somewhat better, but unable to resume work. We can ill afford our dear comrade from the front, as the needs of the War are so great, but under the circumstances, there is no alternative but to continue his lengthy furlough. We were pleased to see Major and Mrs. McGillivray at T. H. Q., and especially delighted that the Major was able to have some time at the Congress.

Brigadier Measures, with his family arrived safely at Liverpool, on Sunday, October 19th. He will remain in England for about a month, before proceeding to his new appointment, which is the Spice Island of Ceylon.

Have you heard anything of my husband? Captain Marshall was asked, by a little woman, who awaited his arrival at the office early one morning. The Captain had to sadly reply in the negative, but cheered the poor wife with the news that he had written to another Officer, who had, within a few hours of receipt of the letter, gone out and found the husband, and was taking up the applicant almost immediately. Another one for the Missing Department!

Botwoodville. — One soul has sought salvation. Our H. P. target has been smashed. A supper was recently held in aid of our funds for the new Barracks. One old man, unable to be present, sent fifty cents. — Mrs. P. S.

PERSONALITIES

Adjutant and Mrs. Meron, of Dovercourt have been appointed to St. John I. N. B. Adjutant and Mrs. Haskirk are being welcomed at Dovercourt.

Adjutant and Mrs. Ritchie, of Woodstock, N. B., are delighted over the arrival on Oct. 12th, of a baby son.

Ensign Trickey is improving daily, and expects to be out of the Hospital in a few days. Mrs. Trickey is also making favourable though slow progress towards complete recovery.

Captains Andrew and Pease, of St. John I., have arrived in Toronto. They are being appointed to West Toronto.

Captain Hedley Jones, Captain M. McLean, and Lieutenant Fairbank have been transferred to the Pacific Province.

Captains Sharp and Howland are taking appointments in the Maritime Provinces, the former at St. John N., the latter at Parrtown.

We were glad to see at the Congress, Bandmaster Greene, of Peterborough Staff Bandmen in particular remember him as a member of the Canadian Staff Band, which attended the great International Congress in London.

Captain Porter, of Big Rabbit, Mich., was one of over three hundred Officers, who sat down to the farewell tea, given in the Temple on Thanksgiving Day.

Ensigns Clark and Jaynes, of St. Ste. Marie, Mich., and Hallifax, N. S. respectively, were also at the Congress. The former Officer reports that his splendid stone Citadel (recently opened) has been the subject of many complimentary remarks from several judges, and other prominent gentlemen, who have made a point of visiting and inspecting the place.

Captain Boulton, of Forest, has gone into the Western Hospital, Toronto, for special treatment.

Captain Ransom has been appointed to the Ottawa Rescue Home. Lieutenant Williams, of the Children's Home in that city, has been promoted to the rank of Captain.

A Toronto police inspector informed one of our Officers that our great Thanksgiving Day parade were very gratifying to him and his men, and the arrangements reflected great credit on our marshalling and marching. Not a single delay or mishap occurred. He also remarked that the playing of the united bands beneath the shadow of the City Hall, was the finest music he had ever heard.

Major and Mrs. David Creighton were the happy recipients of a bonny baby boy on October 1st. Mother and son are doing splendidly.

We congratulate Captain Maud Crocker, on her promotion to the rank of Ensign.

Staff Band at the Temple.

(Continued from page 7.)

utmost of my strength. I have done all I could to be an example to my Soldiers, my Officers, and be a help to them in their work and in their duties. I have had a great deal of pleasure in my work.

"In the first place, I have been surrounded by a number of Officers who have not only given me their confidence, but have looked up to me, and there has been in their look, that which has said, 'Tell us what to do, and we will do it—we will go where you want us to go.' The Local Officers are as good a set as ever I have had to deal with in my life. I feel quite sure that the work in Toronto will go on by leaps and bounds, and that my successor—I do not know who he will be—will take hold of a group of Soldiers who will fight with him to the death in anything that will assist the work and establish the name of Jesus Christ in the heart of the people round about. I do not know what the future holds out for me. At the present time my appointment at the Training Home has been confirmed, and I may have to spend a long time in the City of Toronto, but whatever the future holds out, I shall look upon my stay as Provincial Officer of this city, with great pleasure. I have done my best, without fear or favour, to carry out the instructions of my superior Officers. I have done the very best I could to uphold the regulations and discipline of the Salvation Army. I thank God for giving me the privilege of ever being here in this city, and for having so high and honourable a command under my dear Commissioner."

He received his seat amidst warm applause.

At old Staff Bandman, Staff-Captain Arnold, of Winnipeg, was next called upon, for a solo, "No Burdens There," was its title. The singer captivated his hearers. "Thoughts from the Great Masters, No. 2," was a splendid number. Colonel Mitchell then bade "farewell" to Canada. He said that the Bands in Toronto alone, had surprised him; expressed his delight at being able to visit the Dominion, and thanked all for the treatment he had received. The Commissioner hinted that the Colonel might bring his Staff Band over. "I'll tell them they will have the time of their lives, if they come," he replied.

"Lead, kindly Light," by the Male Choir, brought a solemn hush over the crowd, and then the Commissioner made an appeal for seekers after righteousness to come forward.

With the singing of "God be with you till we meet again," the meeting closed.

We are having good times at Vernon. Our meetings have been well attended during the past ten days. We have had six souls at the mercy seat.

Captain "Doc," who was recently welcomed, is leading our Young People on to victory. We are catching some of his Blood and Fire spirit. Finances as well as open-air attendances are on the upgrade. Special Young People's meetings are being organised.—S. I. C. S.

Ridgetown.—Lieutenant C. Clark farwelled on Sunday, October 17th, after a stay here of eight months.

The Second Day of the Congress.

Instructive Papers Read—Commissioner and Mrs. Coombs Give Stirring Addresses.

On Thursday, October 21st, at the Congress, the Officers assembled in the Temple for morning, afternoon, and night sessions, Local Officers being admitted to the latter. Some very instructive and soul-stirring papers were read during the day, as follows: Lieut.-Colonel Pugmire, "The Social Work;" Lieut.-Colonel Turner, "Corps Finance;" Lieut.-Colonel Gaslin "Health of Officers;" Brigadier Hargrave, "Observation and Discipline;" Brigadier Taylor, "The Bible, and How to Study It;" Brigadier Morris, "Army Bands;" Major Morris, "Our Local Officers."

In the night session, Mrs. Commissioner Coombs gave a stirring address full of practical advice to Officers and Local Officers. As a text she took the words of Paul to his Thessalonian converts, "We were gentle among you, even as a nurse cherisheth her children." Paul, she declared, was a model Salvation Army Officer, and his methods of making Christian stalwarts should be studied by all who have the welfare of the Kingdom of God at heart. In such a great work we are co-workers with God. This is a great honour, but it also brings great responsibilities. Mrs. Coombs then touched upon the training of our people in such practical matters as the selection of good, soul-stirring reading, the preservation of good health, the value of prayer, reverence in approaching God, and purity in life and conversation.

A heart-searching address by the Commissioner followed, based on the text, "He did that which was right." It was practically a graphic character sketch of King Hezekiah. The manner in which he cleansed the Temple at Jerusalem was vividly described, and very aptly compared with the cleansing of people's hearts from evil.

The burning truths so powerfully spoken, must have richly stirred all hearts. The prayers of Colonels Mitchell and Mapp, at the close of the address, were marked by intense earnestness and fervid devotion for God to come in mighty power, and must certainly have expressed the longings of all present. The benediction was then pronounced by the Commissioner, and the Session was over.

The burning truths so powerfully spoken, must have richly stirred all hearts. The prayers of Colonels Mitchell and Mapp, at the close of the address, were marked by intense earnestness and fervid devotion for God to come in mighty power, and must certainly have expressed the longings of all present. The benediction was then pronounced by the Commissioner, and the Session was over.

COLONEL AND MRS. GASKIN AT LIPPINCOTT.

We were very pleased to have the Field Secretary and Mrs. Gaskin at Lippincott Corps for the week-end, and the meetings were both interesting and profitable. Colonel Gaskin's talks are good at all times, but he was exceptionally good on this occasion.

In the holiness meeting the theme was "Love," and by comparison, this virtue was made to shine in glorious supremacy above all other virtues—in fact, "love is the summing of the whole law."

In the afternoon meeting, a contrast was presented between the uncertainties of modern religious criticism and the good old-fashioned doctrines of faith in God, and in His Son Jesus Christ—much to the favour of the old-time religion. By apt illustration and convincing argument, the Field Secretary made it clear that "Faith" was the key to all divine revelation and realisation.

In the evening Brigadier Adby assisted the Field Secretary, giving a most instructive talk. The subject of the Colonel's address was John 11, 16; "For God so loved the world," and, although this text is the most familiar topic in pulpit and platform, yet he adorned it with so many original illustrations and presented it in so many aspects, that it seemed to be renewed with live interest and increased blessing.

The meetings throughout were most gratifying, and a hearty invitation was extended to our "Specials" to come again, and come often. Always welcome.—J. H. M.

The welcome meeting of Lieutenant Whitcomb, and the opening of the new Barracks at Sheaf Bay, B. C., were conducted by Captain and Mrs. Tilley, assisted by the Officers and Soldiers of Hare Bay.

THE LAST TO LEAVE.

Calgary.—Having no Hall to hold meetings in, owing to re-building operations, we held open-air meetings during the week, and use a theatre on Sunday.

Calgary has sent quite a number of comrades to the battle's front. The last to leave for Toronto, is our Brother Mitchell. Although only a young lad, he has been able by the grace of God, to bring to Him some sinners, who are today trophies of God's power to cleanse and keep from sin.—A Friend.

LITTLE GIRL LED THE WAY.

On Sunday, September 19th, at Hare Bay, God came very near, and blessed our souls. Although the weather was very disagreeable, and the people have a long distance to walk to reach the Barracks, a nice crowd attended our night's meeting. At the close, three precious souls sought and found pardon. The first to come was a little girl, who volunteered, while we were singing "Look away to the Cross." The Soldiers are a good fighting force.

We also welcomed home some of our Soldiers, who have been away for the summer months.—F. J. E.

Lethbridge.—On Sunday, October 19th, we had large crowds at our meetings, especially the open-air. The Band, in its full strength, was a great inspiration to all.

In the Sunday night meeting three souls made their way to the mercy seat.

Campbellford.—Cand dates Herrington and Williams, and C.C. Bowen led the meetings of October 22nd, in the absence of the Officers at Congress. Sister Mary Huddwell, an old comrade of this Corps was also present throughout the meeting.

IMPRESSIONS OF THE CANADIAN BANDS.

(Continued from page 8.)

case of a transfer. The Army benefits.

The future should hold for the Bands of the Dominion, great advances and an enlarged sphere of usefulness, and the existence of the Territorial Young People's Band, and the encouragement given by Headquarters to the formation of other Young People's Bands, is an indication of advance.

The Peterborough Band, the Temple Band, and again, the London Band—all of which I had the pleasure of hearing upon selections, possessed good points, and are each capable of going further. The Staff Band had, of course, for me, a peculiar interest, and my intercourse with them and with their Bandmaster was of a most happy nature. The Bandmaster, from Brigadier Morris downwards, struck me as being alert, whole-hearted men, and anxious to do everything possible for the advancement of their Bands.

In conclusion, I heartily and sincerely thank my Bandmaster and Bandmates comrades whom I have met, for the kindness with which I have been received. This will remain a very real and precious memory with me in all future time.

MRS. BRIGADIER STANYON AT ST. JOHN, N. B.

Staff-Captain Barr Welcomed

St. John N. B., Nov. 1, has been favoured of late by having Mrs. Brigadier Stanyon, of the U. S., here for a few days. She was accompanied by Adjutant Coyne.

The Sunday afternoon meeting was presided over by Rev. Mr. Lang, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, when Mrs. Stanyon gave a lecture on the "Darker Side of New York" Studies and tears were both in evidence. Our work was endorsed by Rev. Mr. Lang in earnest words.

Staff-Captain and Mrs. Barr had a hearty welcome to the City Corps, first at united meetings in Carleton, and last Sunday evening at No. 1, Lieut.-Colonel Turner presiding. It was a good meeting and closed with three souls at the mercy seat.

Captain Palczell, who has gone to Montreal is missed very much. Harvest Festival Target has been reached.—E. J. L.

A STRIKE ON, BUT ARMY STILL AT WORK.

Springhill, N. S.—Since last report one soul sought God and is now taking his stand. While the town is quiet, as the strike continues in the mines, we still hold our meetings nightly. We had a visit from Harvey Gerow of Halifax N.

On Sunday night Captain Stewart farwelled Brother Newton, who was from the West—Peter.

On Friday, October 15th, the Soldiers of North Bay Corps enjoyed a supper given by Sister Smith to celebrate her birthday.

On Saturday, two souls sought pardon. On Sunday afternoon two more came forward and sat at the mercy seat.—A. L. Jones.

The Industrial Juggernaut.

The Dangers that Attend the Earning of Our Daily Bread.



Climbing the Steel Joust of a Sky-Scraper.

The construction of these buildings is one of the most dangerous of trades.

WHAT is the value of a human life? What in dollars and cents may be roughly figured as a man's worth to the community from which he derives support?

How many of us realize that out of the 23,000,000 workers in these United States, one is killed or injured every minute of the day? In other words, that every year more than 500,000 men, women, and children are killed or crippled as a direct result of the occupations in which they are engaged? The total is too enormous; what renders it appalling is the fact that more than one-half of this tremendous sacrifice of life is needless; is due in a great measure to the carelessness of greedy employers who are morally, if not legally responsible for the lives of their men.

The maximum of protection and the minimum of expense.

Every year we draw on Europe for one million immigrants to work in our mines, to build our houses, to dig our tunnels, to keep the wheels of the juggernaut of industry revolving, at the speed that we insist must be maintained; every year, as against the million of workers, we kill or injure half a million. Let us see how and why.

There are two awfully dangerous occupations, in which, in spite of all safeguards, a man takes his life in his hand every time he goes to work, and in which the concomitant risk may be reckoned with, yet cannot always be guarded against. These are the manufacture of dynamite and gunpowder, and submarine tunneling. In railroad, mining, and all other trades, dangerous though they be, the peril can be minimized, by proper precaution, to a greater extent than is possible in these two occupations.

Dynamite is death-dealing from its making to its use. In a blasting-powder plant men work eye to eye with death, with faces sober and drawn. Every moment death stares them in the face. No man ever becomes accustomed to the terror—the majority quit after a few weeks. High wages tempt them to enter, but not to stay. They lift things gingerly and put them down with the utmost care; they seem afraid even to step lightly. No one ever whistles in a powder mill.

Every man knows that railroad is dangerous work. Not every man knows that it is fifty per cent. more dangerous than it need be. There are, every year, thirteen hundred thousand railroad men on the trains and in the yards of the United States. Of these, according to the Interstate Commerce Commission's report for the last complete year on record, 60,101

were killed and injured in one year's time—more than one man in every twenty. And yet one-half of all railroad accidents are preventable; half of the thousands of lives of tramen and passengers lost yearly in blazing wrecks, crushed on under overturned cars, or hurled out in the stream of exploding boilers, might have been saved by carefulness and the use of proper appliances.

The decrease in the number of accidents in coupling and uncoupling cars brought about by the use of an automatic device (which is not as widely used as it ought to be) proves that with proper safeguards, we need not kill five times as many men as they do in Great Britain. Equipping all cars, freight as well as passenger, with air-brakes, according to the provisions of the Safety Appliance Law, should do a great deal of good.

Every other day we read newspaper accounts of mine explosions; of miners buried alive, and their bodies never recovered—and in ten minutes we have forgotten; that is, unless we have once witnessed the heart-rending scenes at the mouth of the pit after an explosion, when wives and children weep together, and friends struggle heroically to recover even dead bodies—then we never forget, and the stories of mining casualties mean something more than mere words.

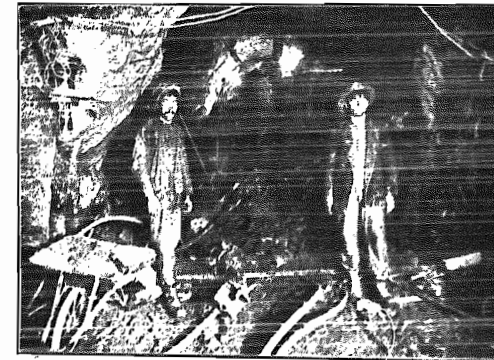
In eighteen months, fire-damp alone was responsible for 415 deaths, and many times that number of injuries. "In every one of these cases," says the "Mine Workers' Journal" "the mine owners expressed deep regret

these accidents is due to insecure scaffolding, to loose flooring, and to the collapse of flimsy and ill-built structures. In many cases out of ten they are preventable, and are, therefore, little less than murder.

During the past year Chicago sky-scrapers exacted the heaviest toll of human life recorded in the history of building operations in the city. Figures compiled in the annual death-roll of the Bridge and Structural Ironworkers' Union show the increase in fatalities among the men to be enormous. Of a total membership of 1,238 men in the Union last year, 150 either lost their lives, or were totally, or partially disabled. During the year before, twenty-six were killed, an equal number were so injured that they could not resume their trade, while the number of minor injuries totalled about eighty. This increase in the casualty list of from ten to twelve per cent. of the membership during the two years, was attributed to speeding up the work, thus compelling the men to neglect proper precautions.

The most common type of factory accident is what the newspapers call being "caught in the machinery." Judged by a newspaper clipping record of 612 accidents, thirty per cent. of factory accidents are of this nature. A large proportion was preventable by nothing more than railings and grates to screen off the moving parts of the machinery. Next most dreaded by men in factories is being caught in the leather belting, or being struck with it when it snaps or comes off the shaft. Most of these accidents are avoidable by proper guarding. Indeed, to provide adequate protection from almost any high-speed piece of machinery is not a difficult task.

In the potteries and "ceramic" works hundreds die every year from



The Pennsylvania Railroad Tunnel Runs Beneath the North and East Rivers, and Across Manhattan. In Tunnel Work, on an Average, a Man Per Day Is Killed.

over the and suffer, and laid the whole blame on careless and inexperienced miners."

Pills of coal and slate carry off most of the men that are killed in the mines. The situation grows worse every year. Machines are used for undercutting coal, and the roofs are neglected—for the men must hurry, hurry, else we shall fall behind in our national prosperity. Scores of foreigners are killed in this manner, as because half the language of their foremen, and are hence never told of the dangers that surround them.

But railroading and mining are unfortunately, by no means the only industries that exact their tribute of human sacrifice. Probably the best thing one thinks of when entering the towering office-building is its cost in the wasted lives of men. From the mining of the iron, the quarrying of the stone, and the boring and planing of the timber that goes into it, from the sinking of its caissons, to the riveting of its steel frame, the painstaking splitting of human blood, that for every building of average floor-area, one life has been lost on each floor. A large percentage of

consumption contracted from the fine particles of dust that fill the air and lodge in the throats of the workers until they are forced to the saloons to wash the clay out of their mouths. Almost all potteries die sooner or later, of a form of tuberculosis that they themselves call "potter's consumption." The pale, colorless faces, almost like the clay itself, that one sees in the pottery are, alas, usually, indications as to potter's consumption, there is another equally dread disease that stalks behind pottery and sanitary ware, china, and terra-cotta. It is a lead-poisoning, contracted whenever glazing is done. The blue line of lead-poisoning that appears about the lips is sure to come after a man has worked a short time at the glazing. Next comes the "lead-colic," and finally lead-paralysis, invariably fatal. If after the first work, they are sure to get the poisoning again. Yet with families dependent on them and no other trade, men have to go back to certain death.

One of the most striking entries in the death-roll of industry is the loss of life in the making of porcelain sanitary ware—the very utensils that are designed for the salvation of life in the home and the hospital. In this trade scores die annually from (Continued on page 14.)

Promoted to Glory.

SISTER MRS. SPENCER, OF LONDON II.

After an illness, extending over a year, one of our dearly beloved comrades, in the person of Sister Mrs. Spencer, has gone to her reward. Although not a Soldier for very long, she was a true warrior into the hearts of all those who had the blessed privilege of knowing her.

About six months ago she decided to take her stand by the side of her dear husband, who has been a Soldier in London II. Corps ever since it was opened.

The last meeting her health would permit her to attend, was the afternoon service when she was crowned. The patience and fortitude with which she bore her suffering, was an example of what the grace of God can do. Never once did she utter a word that would give her hearer her complaint.

On Wednesday, October 6th, Mrs. Colonel Sharp and Staff Captain Friction conducted the funeral service, which was of a very touching character. On the following Sunday evening, Mrs. Colonel Sharp conducted the Memorial Service and as the comrades spoke of the life of Sister Spencer, we could not but be thankful that she had crossed the River and landed safely with the grace of God so much to her—B. Ward.

GIRL RESCUED IN PARIS.

Crucelly Distressed and Heartlessly Abandoned—As Between Salvation and—?

A young woman, whose parents are of Polish descent, and live in Whitechapel, called at our Paris Headquarters the other day in a state of desperation. She had been directed to the Army by a friendly policeman, who informed her that they would be delighted to help her. She had been a cashier in a London establishment (she told the Salvationists), and could only speak English. The young man to whom she was engaged promised her marriage, deceived her, and then heartlessly sent her to Paris, saying it would be easier for her to be cared for there than in London. And yet she knew no one outside of her own little circle.

The almost distracted girl went to Paris, and was taken to a hospital, where a child which soon died, was born. The moment she was able to leave the establishment, she was turned into the street and found herself alone in the city with not even more terrible fate in this condition she fortunately met the friend who came to her.

During her stay in the Women's Metropole, her parents were communicated with, and she has now returned to her home, full of thankfulness for the timely aid of "my old friends, The Salvation Army."

NOW!

One looks behind him to some vain, faded time.

And says: "Ah, I was happy then, Alack!"

I did not know it was my life's best prize!

Oh, if I could go back!"

Another looks with eager eyes away To some fair day of joy that yet shall dawn,

And cries: "I shall be happy, then, I know;

Oh, let me hurry on!"

But I—I look around my fair today. I sleep it close, and kiss its radiant brow.

Here, with the perfect present, let me stay.

For I am happy now.

—Miss Wheeler Wilson.

The man who follows the Lord closely is a safe leader of the people. Half of the ship is aboard in our hearts are the broken we have seen.—BARRY O'NEILL.

OUR INTERNATIONAL NEWS LETTER.

THE GENERAL.

Every week that passes seems to reveal an improvement in the condition of our beloved General. This week he has held official Councils on international affairs, and has personally dealt with a wide variety of important matters.

It has been arranged that The General shall hold a great meeting in the Congress Hall, on Wednesday week, 27th inst. He will receive a great reception.

Much interest has been evoked by the announcement that The General is preparing material for his Autobiography. Recognising the long, strenuous and wide experience of the Founder of this great movement, such a work must be monumental in its scope and influence.

OFFICERS WANTED!

Never were appeals for reinforcements more urgent and insistent than at present. Commissioner Booth-Tucker, of India, is urgently in need of Officers. Commissioner Cosandey, of South America, is asking for at least a dozen. Colonel Govaars, in Java, pleads for help, while the cry from Korea is pressing. China, too, must not be forgotten, for very shortly a pioneer party must be sent to plant the Flag in the vast Celestial Empire.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Lieut.-Colonel Van Rossum, who has been somewhat seriously unwell, is now better, and it is expected that he will sail on the 23rd inst. for South Africa, where he takes up the position of Provincial Officer for the Northern Province, with his Headquarters at Johannesburg. The Colonel's knowledge of Dutch will be of great assistance to him in view of the large Dutch element in the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, both of which will come under his direction.

SWITZERLAND.

It is coming at last! After this, who will dare to dispute the possibility of an aeroplane tour for The General in the future. Commissioner MacAlonan has received an offer from a substantial firm to build an aeroplane at a cost of £12,000, for the purpose of spreading the Gospel and advertising The Salvation Army. The offer has not yet been accepted, but here is a grand chance for a Salvation Hero to make history. We are moving on.

The Salvation Army is indeed a cosmopolitan force. At a recent Berne Headquarters' prayer meeting, the following nationalities were present, and took part: French, Swiss, German, Finnish, English and Irish, and all rejoicing in the union and comradeship of the One Salvation Army.

Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Gauntlett recently visited Biel Corps for a week-end. They had twenty-nine souls, and swore in eight French-speaking, and six German-speaking Soldiers; altogether, a splendid Salvation work is going on. This Corps has been re-opened some twenty-one months. Fifteen years ago a work was started in this town, but the persecution was so furious, that we had to withdraw. At one time a



Lining-up For a Cup of Water Under the Blazing Sun of Mellila.

The Spanish troops have been drawing their water supply from a number of wells similar to the one shown here. The eagerness with which they are awaiting their turn is shown by the fact that the majority of the men are gazing not at the camera, as is usually the case, but at the little cup of liquid, which is being handed out. Each man carries his own oval cup. Several water bottles and a canvas bucket are grouped round the man serving out the water.

special posse of sixteen police had to be wired for from Berne, to repel the crowd that were attacking the Hall. On another occasion the mob actually threw the piano out in the street. The town has the reputation of being the worst in Switzerland, but, with seventy-nine Soldiers on the Roll—many of them ex-drunkards—eight Corps-Cadets, a String Band, and the nucleus of a Brass Band, The Army appears now as the most progressive Religious force in the place.

JAPAN.

Particulars are now to hand respecting the assistance given by The Army, after the great fire, which recently occurred at Osaka. The number of persons helped, amounted to 2,700, and the food distributed included 82 large bags of rice and six barrels of pickles (bottled rice with pickles form a staple article of diet in Japan). A large number of household utensils were also distributed, such as rice bowls, pans, kettles, knives, pillows, etc.

Major and Mrs. Beaumont will take their departure on November 13th, for the "Land of the Rising Sun," travelling via Moscow and the Trans-Siberian Railway. The Major, who has been appointed to the charge of our Training Operations in that most interesting land, is full

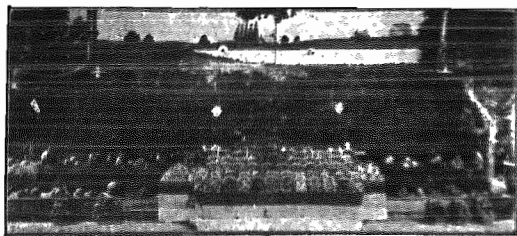
of faith and expectation for his new responsibilities. He will be ably seconded by his devoted wife.

JAVA.

The Officer in charge of the Girls' Home at Pati, relates a touching incident respecting a little girl about nine years of age, who recently turned up at the Home, simply saying in Javanese, "I've come." On being asked what she wanted, she replied that she was hungry and had nowhere to go, so thought that she had better come where the other little girls were. Enquiries revealed the fact that she had no home or friends, and had been living in the market, depending on the charity of passers-by for her subsistence. She was given a place amongst the family of girls under our care, and she soon looked quite at home and very happy.

FRANCE.

Colonel Fournace has recently returned from a Ten Days' Tour in the South of France. Among other places visited was the important city of Lyons, the headquarters of the great French silk industry. In addition to a successful Corps, we have a Rescue Home and a Men's Hotel in this centre.



The Bounty at Brampton. Harvest Festival produce, gathered by Lieutenants Cranwell and Dock.

The Colonel had the pleasure of swearing in fourteen recruits, while a further fourteen converts are coming on satisfactorily. There is also a Band of eleven players in connection with the Corps, which adds greatly to the life and attraction of the meetings.

ITALY.

Lieut. Colonel Cooke is in the midst of conducting a Spiritual Campaign in Italy. He has already visited several important towns, including Genoa, Milan, Turin and Spezia, with encouraging results.

He writes specially of his visit to the little town of Faeto, where a marvellous Salvation work has broken out through the Italian Sergeant-Major, who returned a fully-fledged Salvationist, from the U. S. A. The Colonel's first surprise was to hear a Brass Band playing a welcome to him, some three miles from the village. He has since had some magnificent meetings. At the time of writing some thirty souls had sought salvation, while several notorious characters in the village have attended the meetings, and were under deep conviction. One man especially, who is reputed to be one of the richest in the village, but of so selfish a character that he is known as "The Pig," was present and paid the deepest attention.

FINLAND.

A batch of Cadets who have been undergoing Training, have just been Commissioned; some 34 Young People thus appearing fully-fledged Officers for the first time. The Hall, Helsinki IV., was packed to suffocation and a most enthusiastic meeting resulted. On the same day, twenty-eight probationary Officers, having successfully passed their tests, after the year's study, received their certificates, and were fully commissioned.

No fewer than three new openings are reported. A new Slum Post has been opened in Bjorneborg, and is meeting with great success among the poor. A new opening among the Swedish-speaking people in a town called Kivik, and another Corps in the Capital, to be known as Helsinki VI., are the other advances to be recorded this week. The latter place is described as the Helsinki "Whitechapel," and a strenuous campaign against the forces of evil is being inaugurated.

ADVISED TO "OWN UP."

A typical instance of the value of The Army Officer's presence in time of trouble comes from Govan.

At one of our meetings recently a young man confessed to a crime, and was, of course, advised by the Soldiers to "own up." This he did, and was arrested. The circumstances were fully explained in court, with the result that the penitent was given the benefit of the First Offender's Act.

It may be added that the police court work of Adjutant Solisbury is being blessed by the most gratifying and substantial results.

Our influence is eternal—it can never be gathered or buried with us.

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READ CAREFULLY.

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION WRITE TO

The Trade Secretary, 18 Albert St., Toronto.

Salvation Songs

Holiness.

Tunes.—Grace there is, 234, G and Bb; Song Book, No. 376.
1 Sav'our hear me while I pray be-fore Thy love

I, the record of my sins repeat;
Stained with guilt, myself abhorring,
Filled with grief, my soul outpouring;
Canst Thou still in mercy think of me.

Stoop to set my shackled spirit free
Raise my sinking heart and bid me be

Thy child once more.

Chorus.

Grace there is, my every debt to pay.

All the rivers of Thy grace I claim,
Over every promise write my name;
As I am I come, believing,

As Thou art Thou dost, receiving,
Bid me rise a free and pardoned slave;
Master o'er my sin, the world, the

grave,
Charging me to preach Thy power to

go
To sin-bound souls.

Tunes.—Come, comrades, dear, 136,
A and C; He lives, 123; Song
Book, No. 229.

2 Come, comrades, dear, who love the
Lord,
Who taste the sweets of Jesus' word.

In Jesus' ways go on;
Our troubles and our trials here,
Will only make us richer there,
When we arrive at home.

And when we come to dwell above,
And all surround the throne of love,
We'll drink a full supply;

Jesus will lead His Soldiers forth
To living streams of richest worth
That never will run dry.

War and Testimony.

Tunes.—Open and let the Master in;
267; Stinner, see you Hallel, 271;
Song Book, No. 222.

3 Once I heard a sound
At my heart's dark door,
And was roused from the slumber of
sin.

It was Jesus knocked,
He had knocked before,
Now I said, "Blessed Master, come
in."

Chorus.

Then open open, open, and let the
Master in;
For your heart will be bright with
the heavenly light.

If you'll only let the Master in,
Come away, come away,
To the cross for refuge flee;
See the Sav'our stands
With His bleeding hands,
The ransom He paid on the tree.

In the holy war
With the foe of truth,
He's my shield, He my table prepares;
He restores my soul,
He renews my youth,
And gives triumph in answer to
prayers.

Salvation.

Tunes.—Come, comrades, dear, 136;
Fralist, 123; Song Book, No. 111.

4 Let us on a narrow neck of land,
Twice two unbounded seas I
stand;

Yet how insensible!
A point of time, a moment's space,
Removes me to that heavenly place,
Or oh! a me up in hell!

Before me place, in dread array
Two scenes of that tremendous day,
When Thou with clouds shalt
come.

To judge the people at Thy bar;
And tell me, Lord, shall I be there
To hear Thee say, "Well done!"

EASTERN AND NEWFOUNDLAND FALL COUNCIL CAMPAIGN.

THE COMMISSIONER, ACCOMPANIED BY THE CHIEF SECRETARY AND LIEUT.-COLONEL PUGMIRE, WILL VISIT THE FOLLOWING CENTRES: WOODSTOCK, New Brunswick.

Friday, November 5.—3 p.m. Holiness Meeting in Church.
8 p.m. Lecture; Subject: "A Modern Crusade."

Mrs. Commissioner Combs will be present.

ST. JOHN, New Brunswick.

Saturday, November 6.—Soldiers' Council in No. 1 Citadel
at 7 p.m.

Sunday, November 7.—Opera House at 11 a.m., 3 and 7 p.m.
In the afternoon, Lecture on the Social and Prison Work
of the Army.

Monday, November 8.—Field Officers' Councils in the No. 1
Citadel.

Tuesday, November 9.—Field Officers' Councils in the No. 1
Citadel.

Service in the Dorchester, N.S., Penitentiary,
on Wednesday, November 10, at 9.15 a.m.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia.

Wednesday, November 10.—8 p.m. Lecture in the Bruns-
wick Street Church. Subject: "The Social and Prison
Work of the Army."

Mrs. Commissioner Combs and Mrs. Colonel Mapp will be present at the Councils in
St. John, N.B., and Halifax.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland.

Saturday, November 13.—Reception at the Station. 8 p.m.
Welcome at the Citadel.

Sunday, November 14.—11 a.m. Holiness Meeting in the
Citadel. 3 p.m. Methodist College Hall, Special Ad-
dresses. 7 p.m. The Commissioner will preach in the
Methodist College Hall.

Monday, November 15.—10 a.m. Field Officers' Councils.
7.30 p.m. International Representative Demonstration,
illustrated by Costumes, etc., in the Methodist College
Hall. The Work of The Army in Heathen and Foreign
Lands.

Tuesday, November 16.—Field Officers' Councils all day in
the New School Room.

Wednesday, November 17.—Business, Interviews and Inspec-
tion of Army Institutions, etc.

Thursday, November 18.—God-speed to the Commissioner
and Staff at Depot.

NORTH SYDNEY, Cape Breton.

Saturday, November 20.—8 p.m., Lecture: "A Modern
Crusade."

SYDNEY, Cape Breton.

Sunday, November 21.—11 a.m., Holiness Meeting in the
Citadel. 3 p.m., Lecture: "A Modern Crusade," in the
Opera House. 7 p.m., The Commissioner will preach.

(Colonel Mapp will not be present.)

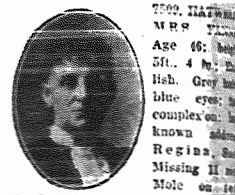
THE CHIEF SECRETARY, ACCOMPANIED BY LIEUT.-COLONEL TURNER, WILL VISIT

Fredericton, Friday, November 5th (Welcome Meeting).
New Aberdeen, Saturday, Nov. 20th (Welcome Meeting).
Glace Bay, Sunday, November 21st.

Mrs. Colonel Mapp will be present.

MISSING.

To Parents, Relations and Friends
We will search for missing persons and return them to their homes, and, as far as possible, secure compensation for their services. One dollar shall be paid for each person recovered. In case a reproduction of a photo is taken, which amount must be sent with the photo, and the person and goods are recovered, we will regularly send the same, and notify the Commissioner of the result. Any information about persons advertised for.



check. News urgently wanted. (photo.)

7378. ELLIOTT, WILLIAM, 36; height 5 ft.; dark brown complexion. Engineer by trade. Missing eighteen months. Last known address, Montreal. News urgently needed.

7503. MONAGHAN, JAMES, 14; Liverpool for Canada four years. Not heard of since he landed. Height 5 ft. 6 in.; brown eyes, red hair. Came to Quebec with a batch of Catholic boys. Mother in Britain most anxious for news.

COLONEL. MAPP

Will conduct the Farewell
Meetings of
LIEUT.-COLONEL AND MRS. TURNER
at

ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, NOV. 10.

LIEUT.-COLONEL GASKIN
will visit

ST. JOHN, N. B.—Saturday, Sunday
and Monday, Nov. 20, 21, and 22.

LT.-COL. and MRS. TURNER
Will conduct special meetings at
MONTREAL 1.—Sunday, Nov. 20.

LIEUT.-COL. SOUTHAL
Will visit

PORT ARTHUR—Thursday, Nov. 10.
WINNIPEG—Saturday to Monday,
Nov. 6, 7, 8.

BRANDON—Tuesday, Nov. 9.
REGINA—Wednesday, Nov. 10.

MOOSE JAW—Thursday, Nov. 11.
MEDICINE HAT—Friday, Nov. 12.

CALGARY—Saturday and Sunday,
Nov. 13, 14.

LETHBRIDGE—Monday, Nov. 15.
FERNIE—Tuesday, Nov. 16.

NELSON—Wednesday, Nov. 17.
VANCOUVER—Saturday and Sunday,
Nov. 20, 21.

VICTORIA—Monday, Nov. 22.
NEW WESTMINSTER—Tuesday,
Nov. 23.

EDMONTON—Saturday to Monday,
Nov. 27, 28, 29.

SASKATOON—Tuesday, Nov. 30.

The Colonel would like to see all V. P. Isom's Corps-Cadet Candidates at each of the above places.

THE TERRITORIAL STAFF BOARD

WELLAND, Saturday and Sunday,
November 20th and 21st.

T. F. S. APPOINTMENTS

Captain Menden, East Ont. Prov.
Regiment, Nov. 6, 7: Pembroke, Ont.
Nov. 19, 11.

Captain Lloyd, West Ont. Prov.
Regiment, Nov. 11, 12.